UMZINYATHI UMASIPALA WESIFUNDA UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

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CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

GENERAL INFORMATION

Speaker Clr. B.S. Chambule

His Worship The Mayor Cllr. J.M. Mthethwa

Deputy Mayor Cllr. F.S. Mkhize

Exco Members Cllr. L.D. Ngubane

Cllr. M.I. Sithole Cllr. M.S. Yengwa

Council Members Cllr. N.C. Khanyile

Cllr. I. Bedassi
Cllr. N.P. Zulu
Cllr. X.S. Xaba
Cllr. P.M. Ngobese
Cllr. T. Mahaye
Cllr. J. Mfeka
Cllr. A.M. Shaik
Cllr. V.B. Ntombela
Cllr. I.T. Nhlebela
Cllr. F.J. Skhakhane
Cllr. B.P. Ngcobo
Cllr. E.N. Molefe
Cllr. M. Mnguni
Cllr. M. Mkhwanazi
Cllr. B.N. Zondi

Grading of Municipality

Grade 3 (in terms of Government Notice R1224 dated 1 December 2006)

Cllr. L.G. Mabaso Cllr. R.N. Ngubane

Auditors

The Auditor-General Private Bag X9034 PIETERMARITZBURG 3200

CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

$\textbf{GENERAL INFORMATION} \ (\texttt{continued})$

Bankers

ABSA Bank Limited, Current Account, Dundee (Operating account)

Registered office

Princess Magogo Building 39 Victoria Street DUNDEE 3000 P O Box 1965 DUNDEE 3000

Tel: (034) 219 1500 Fax: (034) 218 1940

E-mail: registry@umzinyathi.gov.za

Municipal Manager

Sipho N Dubazana BA Hons, MBA

Chief Financial Officer

Bongani B. Mdletshe FIAC , SAIPA, LIMFO

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

30 JUNE 2011

The report of the Auditor-General will be inserted after the audit.

STATEMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL MANAGERS RESPONSIBILITY

UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

The Umzinyathi District Municipality is situated 41 Victoria Street, Dundee is a category C Municipality established in terms of section 12 (1) of the Municipal Structures Act, No.117 and published in terms of Provincial Government Notice 346 on the 19 September 2000. The Local Government Operations of the Municipality are assigned by section 156 and 229 of the South African Constitution and defined specifically in terms of section 83 of the Municipal Structures Act.

I am responsible for the preparation of these financial statements, which are set out on page 1 to 55 in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality.

I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors as disclosed on note 08 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisage in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the remunaration of the Public Office Beares and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's dertemination in accordance with this act.

	30 AUGUST 2
Mr S.N. Dubazana	Date
Municipal Manager	

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<u>2011</u>

UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

1.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise. These annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

These standards are summarised as follows:

GRAP 1	Presentation of Financial Statements
GRAP 2	Cash Flow Statement
GRAP 3	Accounting Policies , Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
GRAP 4	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
GRAP 5	Borrowing Costs
GRAP 6	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
GRAP 7	Investments in Associates
GRAP 8	Investments in Joint Ventures
GRAP 9	Revenue from Exchange Transactions
GRAP 10	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
GRAP 11	Construction Contracts
GRAP 12	Inventories
GRAP 13	Leases
GRAP 14	Events After the Reporting Date
GRAP 16	Investment Properties
GRAP 17	Property, Plant and Equipment
GRAP 19	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
GRAP 100	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
GRAP 101	Agriculture
GRAP 102	Intangible Assets

Accounting policies for material transaction, events or conditions not covered by the above GRAP Standards have been developed in accordance with paragraph 7,11 and 12 of GRAP 3. These accounting policies and the applicable disclosures have been based on the South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practices (SA GAAP) including any interpretations of such Statements issued by the Accounting Practices Board.

The Accounting Standards Board has set transitional provisions for individual standards of GRAP as set out in Directive 4 issued in March 2009. Details of the transitional provisions applicable to the municipality have been provided in the notes to the annual financial statements.

A summary of the significant accounting policies which have been consistently applied except where transitional provisions has been granted are disclosed below.

1.2 PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality.

1.3 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

1.4 EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

GRAP 18	Segment Reporting - issued March 2005
GRAP 21	Impairment of Non-Cash-generating-assets - issued March 2009
GRAP 23	Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions - issued February 2008
GRAP 24	Presentation of Budget Information - issued November 2007
GRAP 26	Impairment of Cash-generating-assets - issued March 2009
GRAP 103	Heritage Assets - issued July 2008
IAS 19	Employee Benefits - effective 1 January 2009
IFRIC 17	Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners - effective 1 July 2009

2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset's) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
ACCOUNTING POLICIES
for the year ended 30 June 2011

Subsequent to initial recognition, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of revalutaion less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is credited directly to a revaluation surplus reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in surplus or deficit.

A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in surplus or deficit, except to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

2.3 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. **Land** is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

2.4 DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

	<u>Years</u>	Other	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure			
Roads and Paving	30	Buildings	30
Pedestrian Malls	30	Specialist vehicles	10
Electricity	20-80	Other vehicles	5
Water	15-100	Office equipment	3-7
Sewerage	15-60	Furniture and fittings	7-10
		Watercraft	15
Community		Bins and containers	5
Buildings	30	Specialised plant and equipment	10-15
Recreational Facilities	20-30	Other items of plant and equipment	2-5
Security	5	Landfill sites	15

The residual value, the useful life of an asset and the depreciation method is reviewed annually and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The municipality tests for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

The Municipality has taken advantage of the transitional provisions permitted by the Accounting Standards Boards, in terms of Directive 4 issued in March 2009, with respect to the measurement of property, plant and equipment as set out in paragraph 73 to 83.

2.5 DERECOGNITION

Items of Property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES for the year ended 30 June 2011

3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. Examples include computer software, licenses, and development costs. The municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitlised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the municipality has the resources to complete the project; and
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset's) given up.

3.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amoritisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

3.3 AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

Computer software 5 years

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each reporting date and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The municipality tests intangible assets with finite useful lives for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of an intangible asset is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

The Municipality has taken advantage of the transitional provisions permitted by the Accounting Standards Boards, in terms of Directive 4 issued in March 2009, with respect to the measurement of Intangible Assets as set out in paragraph 110 to 118.

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES for the year ended 30 June 2011

3.4 DERECOGNITION

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

4.1. INITIAL RECOGNITION

Financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value.

4.2. SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Financial Assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to maturity, loans and receivables, or available for sale. Financial liabilities are categorised as either at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost ("other"). The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation and, in the absence of an approved GRAP Standard on Financial Instruments, is in accordance with IAS 39.

4.3. INVESTMENTS

Investments, which include listed, fixed deposits and short-term deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are categorised as either held-to-maturity where the criteria for that categorisation are met, or as loans and receivables, and are measured at amortised cost. Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified. Impairments are calculated as being the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected future cash flows flowing from the instrument. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

4.4. UTHUKELA WATER INVESTMENT

Investment at Uthukela Water Pty Ltd has been calculated on equity method using the annual financial statements of Uthukela Water based on shareholding percentage.

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES for the year ended 30 June 2011

4.5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are categorised as financial assets: loans and receivables and are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost. Amortised cost refers to the initial carrying amount, plus interest, less repayments and impairments. An estimate is made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at year-end. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. Impairments are determined by discounting expected future cash flows to their present value. Amounts that are receivable within 12 months from the reporting date are classified as current.

An impairment of trade receivables is accounted for by reducing the carrying amount of trade receivables through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance within operating expenses. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against operating expenses in the Statement of Financial Performance.

4.6. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Financial liabilities consist of trade payables and borrowings. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

4.7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks (including call deposits). Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash, that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks, net of bank overdrafts. The municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets: loans and receivables.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities: other financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

4.9. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

An investment in a joint venture is carried at costs less any accumulated impairment.

The municipality's share of profit or loss, resulting from operatins of the joint venture, is recognised on accrual basis and is capitilised to the costs of investment.

5 UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance and in line with Section 176 (2) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003)

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
ACCOUNTING POLICIES
for the year ended 30 June 2011

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance and in line with Section 176 (2) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) where applicable.

7 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance and in line with Section 176 (2) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) where applicable.

8 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the municipality has a present or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).

The municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

(a)

The municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least: - the business or part of a business concerned;- the principal locations affected - the location, function, and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;

- the expenditures that will be undertaken; and when the plan will be implemented; and
- (b) The municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

9 TRANSLATION OF FOREIGN CURRENCY

The transaction in the foreign currency are initially recorded at the prevailing exchange rate on the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in such foregn transaction are translated at the rates prevailing at the reporting date.

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES for the year ended 30 June 2011

10 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Current Year Comparatives

Budgeted amount have been included in an annexure to these financial statements for current financial year only.

Prior Year Comparatives

When presentation or classification of iterms in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparatives amounts are restated. The nature and reason for the reclasification is disclosed. When there has been a change in the accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparative is restated accordingly.

11 LONG SERVICE AWARD

Provision for the long service awards represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the municipality resulting from employee service providing up to Statement of Financial Position date. The provision comprise amounts that the municipality has present obligation to pay resulting from employees services provided up to Statetement of Financial Position date.

12 REVENUE

12.1. GRANTS, TRANSFERS AND DONATIONS

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is raised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

13 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised to the cost of that asset unless it is inappropriate to do so. The municipality ceases the capitalisation of borrowing costs when substantially all the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete. It is considered inappropriate to capitalise borrowing costs where the link between the funds borrowed and the capital asset acquired cannot be adequately established. Borrowing costs incurred other than on qualifying assets are recognised as an expense in surplus or deficit when incurred.

14 RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and Councillors. Contributions are made to the Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund to fund the obligations for the payment of retirement benefits in accordance with the rules of the defined benefit funds it administers. Contributions are recognised as an expense in the statement of Financial Performance.

The funds are actuarially valued every three years using the discounted cash flow method. Any deficits identified by the actuary are recovered from participating municipalities in the form of surcharges added to the contributions which are recognised as an expense in the statement of Financial Performance in the year that they become payable.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 30 June 2011

15 OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The municipality provides post-retirement health care benefits to their retirees. The entitlement of these benefits is usually conditional on the employees remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of the minimum service period. The expected costs of these benefits are acrued over the period of employment using an accounting methodiology similar to that used for defined pension benefit plans. Acrurial gains and losses arising from experiance adjustment, and changes in actuarial assumption, are charched or credited to revenue over the expected average remaining lives of the relevent employees to the extent which they exceed the 10% corridor.

16 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the municipality also:

- tests intangible assets with an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not yet available for use for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount. This impairment test is performed during the annual period and at the same time every period.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the recoverable service amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

The recoverable service amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss is recognised for cash-generating units if the recoverable service amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit as follows:

- to the assets of the unit, pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

A municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES for the year ended 30 June 2011

17 RESERVES

17.1. Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR)

In order to Finance the provision of infrastructure and other iterms of property, plant and equipment from internal sources, amounts are transferred from accumulated surplus to the CRR. A corresponding amount is transferred to a disagnated CRR bank account or investment account. The cash in the designated CRR bank account can only be utilised to finance iterms iterms of property, plant and equipment. The CRR is reduced and the accumulated surplus/(deficit) is credited by a corresponding amount when the amount in the CRR are utilised.

The amount transfered to CRR is based on the municipality's needs to finance future capital projects included in the Intergrated Development Plan.

CRR is included in Accumulated Surplus in the Statement of Financial Position . In the Prior year it was separately disclosed.

17.2. Government Grant Reserve

When items of property, plant and equipment are financed from government grants, a transfer is be made from the accumulated surplus/(deficit) to the Government Grants Reserve equal to the Government Grant recorded as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance in accordance with a directive (budget circular) issued by National Treasury. When such items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, a transfer is made from the Government Grant Reserve to the accumulated surplus/(deficit). The purpose of this policy is to promote community equity by ensuring that the future depreciation expenses that will be incurred over the useful lives of government grant funded items of property, plant and equipment are offset by transfers from this reserve to the accumulated surplus/(deficit)

When an item of property, plant and equipment financed from government grants is disposed, the balance in the Government Grant Reserve relating to such item is transferred to the accumulated surplus/(deficit).

17.3. Capitalisation Reserve

On the implementation of GAMAP/GRAP, the balance on certain funds, created in terms of the various Provincial Ordinances applicable at the time, that had historically been utilised for the acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment have been transferred to a Capitalisation Reserve instead of the accumulated surplus/(deficit) in terms of a directive (budget circular) issued by National Treasury. The purpose of this Reserve is to promote consumer equity by ensuring that the future depreciation expenses that will be incurred over the useful lives of these items of property, plant and equipment are offset by transfers from this reserve to the accumulated surplus/(deficit).

17.4. Donations and Public Contributions Reserve

When items of property, plant and equipment are financed from public contributions and donations, a transfer is made from the accumulated surplus/(deficit) to the Donations and Public Contributions Reserve equal to the donations and public contributions recorded as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance in accordance with a directive (budget circular) issued by National Treasury. When such items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, a transfer is made from the Donations and Public Contributions Reserve to the accumulated surplus/(deficit). The purpose of this policy is to promote community equity and facilitate budgetary control by ensuring that sufficient funds are set aside to offset the future depreciation charges that will be incurred over the estimated useful life of the item of property, plant and equipment financed from donations and public contributions.

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UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES for the year ended 30 June 2011

18 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

The Municipality has taken advantage of the transitional provisions permitted by the Accounting Standards Board,

GRAP 1	Presentation of Financial Statements - paragraphs 7-8A
GRAP 9	Revenue from Exchange Transactions - paragraphs 37-38
GRAP 12	Inventories - paragraphs 45-52
GRAP 13	Leases - paragraphs 55-60
GRAP 17	Property, Plant and Equipment - paragraphs 73-83
GRAP 19	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets - paragraph 93-94E
GRAP 102	Intangible Assets - paragraph 110-118

CONSOLIDATED STATEMIPOSITION AT 30 JUNE 2011

		2011	2010
ACCETC	Note	R	R
ASSETS			
NON- CURRENT ASSETS			
Propert, Plant and Equipment	4	22 496 632	24 306 095
Investments	5	8 831 589	27 600 281
Uthukela Water Investment	2	857 820 771	877 687 397
		889 148 993	929 593 773
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	165 707	1 113 768
Vat	6	6 065 538	6 943 952
Other Debtors	6	0	0
Call Investment Deposits	5	36 664 300	54 130 033
Bank Balance and Cash	16	11 441 361	8 443 491
		54 336 906	70 631 244
		34 330 700	70 031 244
TOTAL ASSETS		943 485 898	1 000 225 017
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Accumulated Surplus/ (Deficit)	1	796 010 094	877 028 620
Revaluation Reserve	3	5 800 000	5 800 000
TOTAL FOURTY		001 010 001	000,000,700
TOTAL EQUITY		801 810 094	882 828 620
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Post Retirement Benefit	18	12 565 797	8 867 012
		12 000 111	
		12 565 797	8 867 012
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Unspent Conditional Grant and Receipts	31	51 480 410	70 464 064
Creditors	7	77 629 596	38 065 321
		129 110 007	108 529 385
TOTAL LIABILITIES		141 675 804	117 396 397
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		943 485 898	1 000 225 017
		0.00	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

	1		1
	Note	Actual 2011	Actual 2 010
		R	R
REVENUE			
Rental of Facilities and equipment		237 287	291 797
Interest Earned - External Investsment	10	5 741 698	8 339 828
Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors		0	0
Government and Provincial grants and subsidies	17	268 526 971	251 918 677
Other		403 506	155 333
Proceeds on Sale of Assets		0	347 500
Puplic Contribution and Donations		0	0
Gains on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment			
TOTAL REVENUE		274 909 462	261 053 134
EXPENDITURE			
Employee Related Costs	8	22 722 496	18 226 543
Remuneration of Councillors	8	2 085 872	2 008 128
Depreciation		3 660 773	4 669 826
Post Retirement benefit	18	3 703 476	8 867 012
General expenses	22	46 201 009	40 132 260
Agency fees	23	93 846 105	71 955 507
Repairs and maintenance		5 694 355	4 764 698
Interest Paid	10	0	273 612
Grant Expenditure	24	158 147 276	178 643 170
Loss on Disposal of Property,Plant and Equipment			
Total Expenditure		336 061 361	329 540 756
(DEFICIT)		(61 151 899)	(68 487 622)
Interest in Joint Venture		-19 866 625	-10 252 789
(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		(81 018 524)	(78 740 411)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 3O JUNE 2011

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE	CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011											
	Pre-GRAP	Pre-GRAP	Pre-GRAP	Pre-GRAP	Pre-GRAP	Total	Goverment	Donation		Accumulated	Uthukela	Total
	GAMAP	GAMAP	GAMAP	GAMAP	GAMAP	Pre-GRAP	Grant	and Public	Reserve	Surplus/	Water Joint	
	Accum	Reserves	External	Internal	Loans	GAMAP	Reserve	Contribution		Dificit	Venture	
	Funds		Loan	Loan	Redeemed	Reserve		Reserve			Investment	
			Lease	CDF	Capital Receipt							
	R	R	R	R	R .		R	R	R	R	R	R
Balance at 1 July 2009							2 613 933	5 693 445	5 800 000	49 501 501	890 476 394	954 085 273
Surplus/(deficit) for the year							2010000	0 000 110	0 000 000	-68 487 372	-12 788 998	
Appropirations for the year							-2 613 933	-5 693 445		18 327 094	12 700 000	10 019 716
Funds Utilised During the Year							2 010 300	0 000 440		10 027 004		10 010 7 10
Uthukela Capitalisation												0
PPE purchased							0	٥		0		0
Revaluation of Property									0	0		0
Insurance Claim Proceeded									١	0		0
Asset transfered to LMS								_		-0		-0
Asset Disposal												0
Offsetting of Depreciation												0
Balance as at 30 June 2010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 800 000	-658 777	977 697 206	882 828 619
Balance as at 30 June 2010	U	0	0	U	U	U	0	U	3 800 000	-030 111	011 001 390	002 020 019
Correction of error (note 34)												0
Change in accounting policy (note 34)		<u> </u>							5 000 000	050 777	077 007 000	0
Restated Balance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 800 000	-658 777	877 687 396	882 828 619
D 14 1 2040									5 000 000	050 777	077 007 000	000 000 040
Balance at 1 July 2010							0	0	5 800 000		877 687 396	
Surplus/(deficit) for the year										-81 018 524		-81 018 524
Appropriations for this year (refer to												
note 16)							0	0		1		1
Funds Utilised During the Year										0		0
Uthukela Capitalisation										0		0
PPE purchased										0		0
Revaluation of Property										0		0
Insurance Claim Proceeded										0		0
Asset transfered to LMS										0		0
Asset Disposal										0		0
Offsetting of Depreciation										0		0
Balance as at 30 June 2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 800 000	-81 677 301	877 687 396	801 810 095
			<u> </u>				<u> </u>			2 . 2		

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011			
	Note	2011 R	2010 R
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated by operations Cash contributions from the Public and State	15	(63 232 825) 0	(81 470 465) 0
Cash Receipt From Rate Payers, Government and Other Cash Paid to Suppliers and Employees	16	26 105 882	36 090 074
Cash generated from /(Utilised in) Operations		(37 126 943)	(45 380 391)
Interest Received	15	5 741 698	8 339 828
Interest Paid	15	0	(273 612)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(31 385 244)	(37 314 175)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Proceed on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	5	1 789 885	(5 150 536)
Decrease in Uthukela Investment Decrease in non Current Receivables	2 17	(19 866 626)	10 252 789 7 063 614
Increase in non-current investment	18	36 234 425	19 130 682
NETT CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	18 157 684	31 296 550
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New Loans Raised / (Repaid) Increase in Consumer Deposits			
NETT CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	0	0
NETT DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH CASH EQUIVALENT	19	(13 227 560)	(6 017 625)
	19	(2 997 870)	6 017 625
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		8 443 491	14 461 116
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year		11 441 361	8 443 491

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

		2011	2010
		R	R
1	Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	877 028 619	-
	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(81 018 524)	-
			877 028 620
	Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit) at the end of the year	796 010 094	877 028 620
	For more details refer to the statement of net changes in assets		

2 INVESTMENT IN UTHUKELA WATER (PTY) LTD JOINT VENTURE

	Uthukela Water AFS Reference		
Share capital	Note 5	33	33
Partners contributions- Projects	Note 6	340 331 043	342 377 551
Partners contributions- Shortfall funding	Note 6	268 086 956	194 638 546
Accumulated surplus	Note 6	249 402 739	340 671 267
		857 820 771	877 687 397

Uthukela Water (Pty) Ltd Joint Venture Investments has been accounted for using equity method as prescribed in GRAP 8.

REVALUATIONS RESERVE

4

3	Revaluation Reserve	5 800 000	5 800 000
	Revaluation of property were perfored using Endumeni Municipality Valua	tion Roll which was prepared by ar	1
	independent person. The original cost price was R8 000 000.00 plus revaluati	on of R5 800 000 resulting to R13 80	0 000.00

FIXED ASSETS	2011 R	2010 R
Fixed assets	24 306 095	31 129 607
Capital outlay during the year Adjustments Less:	(1 789 885)	5 150 536
	0	1 076 923
Total fixed assets	22 516 210	35 203 220
Less: Accummulated Depreciation	19 578	10 897 125
Net fixed assets	22 496 632	24 306 095

Fixed assets has been restated in oder to comply with GRAP 17 accounting requirements.

NOTE 31 - CONSOLIDATED GRANT CREDITORS AND PROVISIONS : 30 JUNE 2011 : CONTINUED

Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	70 464 064.15	115 001 797.93	131 867 847.85	2 117 603.80	R 51 480 410.43
	Opening	_	Conditions met	Operating	Conditions still
	Balance at 01/07/2010 R	Current year Receipts	Transferred to Revenue	Expenditure during the year	to be met- Remain Liabilities
MiG Grant	44 299 562.44	75 274 192.00	106 875 235.53		12 698 518.91
DWAF: M&E Grant	-	600 000.00	-		600 000.00
DWAF: Water loss management	-	1 305 005.93	-		1 305 005.93
Hermannesburg Mvoti Sportfield	-		-		-
Umsinga Poultry Plan	104 666.35		104 666.35		-
Grant Funding Intergovernmental	-		-		-
Solid Waste Management Shared Services	300 000.00 2 501 736.67	219 000.00	300 000.00	1 117 603.80	1 602 122 07
Grant: Intergrated Transport Plan	15 499.21	219 000.00		1 117 603.60	1 603 132.87 15 499.21
Grant: Finance Management Grant	-	1 000 000.00		1 000 000.00	15 459.21
Grant: Tourism	37 755.92	7 000 000.00	_	. 000 000.00	37 755.92
Grant: IDP And Capacity Building	-		-		-
Grant: Gijima - Agriculture Dev Strategy	31 180.42		31 180.42		-
Grant: Gijima - Led Strategy	15 169.71		3 600.00		11 569.71
Grant: LGTA Assess of Water	-		-		-
LED;DISTRICT SIGNAGE PROJECT	99 663.68		99 663.68		-
Grant: Municipal Support	-	417 000.00	42 379.95		374 620.05
LGTA Municipal (ICS) Grant;	252 154.72		252 154.72		-
NLDTF : Dundee Arts & Craft	305 052.64		· · · · · · · · ·		305 052.64
Grant: GIS System	1 139 861.89	750 000 00	139 685.53		1 000 176.36
Grant: Municipal Systems Improvement		750 000.00	719 778.41		30 221.59
Endumeni Rural Horse Riding; LED Msinga Agiculture Packhouse Project	64 969.13 135 298.00		64 969.13		135 298.00
LED Msinga Stone Crushing Pan	138 960.06		63 000.00		75 960.06
LED Msinga See&Mushroom Farming	20 048.00		-		20 048.00
LED Nguthu Eghude Agribusiness	29 192.99		29 192.99		-
Disaster Management Grant	93 660.37		-66 069.05		159 729.42
LED Corridor Development	600 000.00	300 000.00	900 000.00		-
Development Planning IDP Capacity Building	-589.54		-589.54		-
Disaster Managemen Plan/Centre	93 011.05		93 011.05		-
DTLGA;WSDP 06/07	-		-		-
DTLGA;S78 06/07	700 000.00		-		700 000.00
DTLGA;TECH SUP 06/07	204 071.86		204 071.86		-
DTLGA;BACKLOG 06/07	80 326.05		80 326.05		-
DTLGA;ENERGY 06/07	24 561.40		24 561.40		-
DTLGA;CAPACITY BUILDING 06/0 DTLGA;CAPACITY IDP 2007	4 217.56 16 023.25		4 217.56 16 023.25		-
Greytown Bulk Water	886 482.06	22 970 600.00	9 210 820.39		14 646 261.67
Contractor Incubator Project	1 842 355.82	-	1 842 355.82		-
Decommiss Nguthu Sewer	2 032 293.00		2 032 293.00		
Msinga Asisukume Maize Massification	1 199 758.84		-		1 199 758.84
Massifikation of Bulk Water	473 121.62	11 907 000.00	3 329 071.77		9 051 049.85
Othame Sanitation	-		-		-
EPWP Incentives	270 850.00	259 000.00	137 243.43		392 606.57
Drought Relief No.3;	-		-		-
GOVERNMENT GRANTS CREDITORS	58 010 915.17	115 001 797.93	126 532 843.70	2 117 603.80	44 362 265.60
MUNICIPAL FUNDED PROJECTS					
Decommiss Nauthu Sewer	2 500 000.00		928 198.66		1 571 801.34
Halodi gravel road	605 634.60		400 000 50		605 634.60
Qhudeni Maxhilini Sanitation Othame Sanitation	483 980.52 4 130 642.44		483 980.52 3 218 149.32		912 493.12
Ndaya Regional Water	1 372 816.74		-317 206.30		1 690 023.04
Enseleni Community Hall1 Greytown	95 856.52		95 856.52		1 330 023.04
Enkamba Community Hall 1 Msinga	15 469.31		15 469.31		-
Development of 2 Landfill Sites	119 800.00		-180 200.00		300 000.00
Pomeroy Complex Phasel	3 128 948.85		1 090 756.12		2 038 192.73
Dwaf Cholera Intervention	-		-		-
MUNICIPAL FUNDED PROJECTS	12 453 148.98	-	5 335 004.15	-	7 118 144.83
		115 001 707 03	131 867 847.85	2 117 603.80	51 480 410.43
GRANTS CREDITORS AND MUNICIPAL FUNDS	70 464 064.15	115 001 797.93			
GRANTS CREDITORS AND MUNICIPAL FUNDE Provisions Leave pay	70 464 064.15 1 307 082.00			196 948.21	1 110 133.79

	Opening Balance at	Current year	Conditions met Transferred to		Conditions still o be met - Remai
	01/07/2009 R	Receipts R	Revenue R	during the year R	Liabilities R
Government Grants Creditors					
MiG Grant	13 129 957.84	143 626 000.00	112 456 395.00		44 299 562.00
DWAF: M & E Grant	600 000.00	-	600 000.00		-
DWAF : Water Loss Management DIMS Project	1 871 999.08 3 318.42	-	1 871 999.00 3 318.00		-
Msinga/Nyoniyezwe Sportfield	74 259.21		74 259.00		
Hermannesburg Mvoti Sportfield	74 237.21		74 237.00		_
Silonjane Nguthu Sportsfield	178 184.73		178 185.00		
uMvoti Sports Complex - DSRS	214 816.18		214 816.00		-
Fabeni Sports Stadium Suspen	18 295.23		18 295.00		-
Makhabeleni Sports Complex	260 322.54		260 323.00		-
Nondweni Sportfield Upgrade	-				-
Nquthu Sport Stadium	-				-
Umsinga Poultry Plan	104 666.35	-			104 666.00
Fan Parks	-	-			-
Grant Funding Intergovernmental	200 000.00	-	200 000.00		-
Solid Waste Management Reserves: Transitional Grant	300 000.00	-			300 000.00
GRANT-FMANDI FNI GRAZING CAMP	4 903.78		4 904.00		-
Shared Services	4 903.78 2 613 064.86	1 018 125.00	4 704.00	1 129 453.00	2 501 737.00
Grants: Intergrated Transport Plan	149 499.21	. 515 125.00		134 000.00	15 499.00
Grants: Finance Management Grant	97 694.75	1 000 000.00		1 097 695.00	-
Grants: Transformation Grant	-	-			
Grants: Community Communication Initiative	-				
Grants: Civil Protection	-				
Grants: Tourism	37 755.92				37 756.00
Grants: IDP And Capacity Building	-				
Grants: PMS Funding DBSA	-				
Grants: Gijima	-	-			
Grants: Gijima - Inter SMME's	- 22.704.40	7 20/ 02			21 100 00
Grants: Gijima - Agriculture Dev Strategy	23 784.40	7 396.02		-15 170.00	31 180.00 15 170.00
Grants: Gijima - Led Strategy Grants: LGTA WSDP Review	-			-15 170.00	15 170.00
Grants: LGTA Assess of Water	444 253.51		444 253.51		_
LED; DISTRICT TOURISM STRATEGY	-		444 200.01		
LED;DISTRICT SIGNAGE PROJECT	99 663.68				99 663.68
LED;ENDUMENI MARKET STALLS	82 485.26		82 485.00		-
LED;MANGENI WATERFALL	-				-
LED;KWAKOPI CURIOSHOP	0.00				-
LED;MUDEN ARTS & CRAFT	16 811.16		16 811.16		-
Reserves: Municipal Support Grant	-				
Reserves: CMC & Secretariat Grant	53 546.17			53 546.00	
Reserves: LGTA Municipal (ICS) Grant;	997 682.01		00405000	745 527.00	252 155.00
NLDTF: Dundee Arts & Craft	1 209 905.00	-	904 852.00		305 053.00
Growth Development Summit GIS System Grant;	1 404 004 00		345 033.00		1 139 862.00
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	1 484 894.89 23 365.05	737 350.00	760 715.00		1 137 002.00
iviunicipai systems improvement Grant	23 303.03	737 330.00	700 715.00		
Bhambatha Stadium;	205 043.84		205 044.00		
Endumeni Rural Horse Riding;	181 292.85		116 324		64 969
LED Msinga Agriculture Packhouse Project	273 598.00		138 300		135 298
LED Msinga Stone Crushing Plan	146 598.00		7 638		138 960
LED Msinga Bee&Mushroom Farming	20 048.00	-	-		20 048
LED Nquthu Eqhude Agribusiness	29 192.99	-	-		29 193
Disaster Management Grant	102 160.17			8 500	93 660
LED Corridor Development	502 765.44	5 000 000.00	4 902 765	0	600 000
Development Planning IDP Capacity Building	285 387.49			285 977	-590
Disaster Managemen Plan/Centre	467 131.63			374 121	93 011
DTLGA:WSDP 06/07	700,000,00			-	700 000
DTLGA;S78 06/07 DTLGA;TECH SUP 06/07	700 000.00 612 717.50		-	408 646	204 072
DTLGA;BACKLOG 06/07	116 548.01			36 222	80 326
DTLGA;ENERGY 06/07	200 000.00			175 439	24 561
DTLGA;CAPACITY BUILDING 06/0	4 217.56				4 218
DTLGA;CAPACITY IDP 2007	16 023.25		-		16 023
Greytown Bulk Water	10 334 944.75	3 545 600.00	12 994 063		886 482
Soya Bean Project	-		-		-
Contractor Incubator Project	1 530 587.70		-311 768		1 842 356
Decommiss Nquthu Sewer	2 421 662.58		389 369		2 032 293
Msinga Agri-Business	1 292 351.34		92 593		1 199 759
CMIP Dundee Bulk Water	-		-		-
Massifikation of Bulk Water	1 000 000.00		526 878		473 122
0.1		3 490 153.98	3 490 154		-
Othame Sanitation					
Otname sanitation EPWP Incentives Drought Relief No.3;	206 908.25	270 850.00		206 908.00	270 850

UMZINYATHI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY NOTE 31 - CONSOLIDATED GRANT CREDI	TORS AND PRO	VISIONS : 30 JU	NE 2010: CONTIN	UED	
Municipal Funded Projects					
Decommiss Nguthu Sewer	-	2 500 000.00			2 500 000
Halodi Gravel Access Road	1 342 464.00	1 400 000.00	2 136 830.00		605 635
Qhudeni Machilini Sanitation	-	10 906 320.00	10 422 339.00		483 981
Othame Sanitation	-	14 000 000.00	9 869 358.00		4 130 642
Ndaya Regional Water	-	1 800 000.00	427 183.00		1 372 817
Enseleni Community Hall1 Greytown	1 106 842.20		1 010 986.00		95 857
Enkamba Community Hall1 Msinga	1 146 125.96		1 130 657.00		15 469
Development of 2 Landfill Sites	1 000 000.00		880 200.00		119 800
Pomeroy Complex Phasel		3 132 000.00	3 051.00		3 128 949
Government Grants Creditors	4 595 433.00	33 738 320.00	25 880 604.00	-	12 453 149
GRANTS CREDITORS AND MUNICIPAL FUND	49 539 742.00	192 433 795.00	166 868 609.00	4 640 864.00	70 464 064
GRANTS CREDITORS AND MUNICIPAL FUND	49 539 742.00	192 433 795.00	100 808 009.00	4 040 804.00	70 464 064
Provisions					
Leave pay	952 323.00	435 397.00		80 638.00	1 307 082
Provisions	952 323.00	435 397.00		80 638.00	1 307 082
-					

Note 32

CONSOLIDATED ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

-81 276 370

Actual 2010 R		Actual 2011 R	Budget 2011 R
	INCOME		
252 017 698	Government and Provincial grants and subsidies	268 526 971	283 991 356
291 797	Rental of Facilities and equipment	237 287	399 300
8 339 828	Interest Earned - External Investment	5 741 698	6 483 500
	Contribution from operating surplus		21 557 449
	Water sales		19 000 000
215 108	Proceed on Sale of Asset	0	
287 725	Other	403 506	2 511 600
261 152 156		274 909 462	333 943 205
	EXPENDITURE		
20 234 671	Salaries, wages and allowances	24 808 368	35 973 494
4 669 826	Depreciation	3 660 773	
8 867 012	Post Retirement benefit	3 703 476	
40 609 967	General expenses	46 201 009	39 520 136
71 955 507	Agency fees	93 846 105	63 601 316
4 764 698	Repairs and maintenance	5 694 355	7 586 702
273 612	Interest paid	0	184 756
178 264 234	Contracted services	158 147 276	187 076 800
329 639 527	Gross expenditure	336 061 361	333 943 204
(68 487 371)	DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR	(61 151 899)	1
-12 788 998	Interest in Joint Venture		

61 151 899

(0)

APPENDIX A

CONSOLIDATED ANALYSIS OF PROPERY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2011

				Transferred /		
Service	Budget 2 010	Balance at 30/06/2010	Expenditure 2 011	Disposal 2 011	Acc Depreciation 2 011	Balance at 30/06/2011
R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Resource Support Services	5 333 173.69	24 306 095	-1 789 885	-	19 578	22 496 632
Land and Building	3 000 000	14 689 738	1 269 760	-	758 330.98	15 201 16
Office Furniture and Equipment	1 333 174	3 036 444	(3 059 645)	-	-738 753.09	715 552
Plant and Equipment	-	3 004 067	0	-	-	3 004 067
Motor Vehicle	1 000 000	3 575 846	0	-	-	3 575 846
Intangible Assets		-	-	-	-	C
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	5 333 174	24 306 095	-1 789 885.31	C	19 578	22 496 632
	R Resource Support Services Land and Building Office Furniture and Equipment Plant and Equipment Motor Vehicle Intangible Assets	R Resource Support Services 5 333 173.69 Land and Building 3 000 000 Office Furniture and Equipment 1 333 174 Plant and Equipment - Motor Vehicle 1 000 000 Intangible Assets	Resource Support Services 5 333 173.69 30/06/2010 R R R S 24 306 095 Land and Building 3 000 000 14 689 738 Office Furniture and Equipment 1 333 174 3 036 444 Plant and Equipment - 3 004 067 Motor Vehicle 1 000 000 3 575 846 Intangible Assets -	R A 24 306 095 -1 789 885 Land and Building 3 000 000 14 689 738 1 269 760	Service Budget 2 010 R R Balance at R R R Expenditure 2 011 R R Disposal 2 011 R R Resource Support Services 5 333 173.69 24 306 095 -1 789 885 - Land and Building 3 000 000 14 689 738 1 269 760 - Office Furniture and Equipment 1 333 174 3 036 444 (3 059 645) - Plant and Equipment - 3 004 067 0 - Motor Vehicle 1 000 000 3 575 846 0 - Intangible Assets - - - - -	Service Budget 2 010 2 010 30/06/2010 2 011 R R R Sesource Support Services R R R Source Support Services Expenditure 2 011 2 011 2 011 2 011 2 011 2 011 2 011 2 011 2 011 R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R

APPENDIX B

CONSOLIDATED SEGMENTED ANALYSIS OF PROPERY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2011

Expenditure	Service	Budget	Balance at	Expenditure	Transferred / Disposal	Acc Depreciation	Balance at
2010	00.1.00	2 010	30/06/2010	2 011	2 011	2 011	30/06/2011
R		R	R	R	R	R	R
5 150 538	Resource Support Services	5 333 174	14 472 005	-1 789 885	-	-	22 516 21
74 947	Municipal Manager		14 892 887	-1 789 885	0	0	13 103 0
	Mayor		9 263		0	0	9 2
	Deputy Mayor		8 628		0	0	8 6
600	Speaker		20 310	О	0	0	20 3
2 200	Councillor		10 519	0		0	10 5
0	Internal Audit		0			0	
	Deputy Municipal Manager		0				
250 855	Disaster Management	10 000	373 550	О	0	0	373 5
3 897 146	Corporate Services	935 000	6 581 781	0	0	0	6 581 7
	Secretariate		0		0		
324 291	Auxilliary Services		585 711	О	0	0	585 7
6 710	Registry		23 822	О	0	0	23 8
	Multi Purpose Centre		0				
	Water Services		0				
36 840	Planning		144 701	0	0	0	144 7
8 157	Planning and Social Development	195 000	97 136	0	0	0	97 1
	Pimms		1 022		0	0	10
87 542	Gis		156 618	0	0	0	156 6
	Development		0				
2 409	Led, Idp, and Tourism		12 110	0	0	0	12 1
189 697	Financial Services	100 000	793 338	0	0	0	793 3
	Finance : Levies		0		0	0	
213 203	Technical Services	4 053 174	501 544	0	0	0	501 5
33 863	Community Based Public Works		52 365	0	0	0	52 3
	Vehicles Technical Services		0				
	Nondweni		0				
22 078	Enviromental Health	40 000	40 790	0		0	40 7
			-				
5 150 538	TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	5 333 174	24 306 096	-1 789 885	0	0	22 516 2

APPENDIX C

CONSOLIDATED SEGMENTED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FOR PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

2010 Actua incom R	al	2010 Actual expenditure R	2010 Surplus/ (deficit) R		2011 Actual income R	2011 Actual expenditure R	2011 Surplus/ (deficit) R
279 0	56 919	347 544 542	(68 487 373)	Resource Support Services	278 142 976	339 294 875	(61 151 899)
6	77 249	23 898 059	(23 220 810)	Corporate Services - Admin	238 208	19 439 440	(19 201 232)
41 2	60 089	4 547 410	36 712 678	Council	51 485 599	4 049 311	47 436 288
173 0	47 230	183 450 414	(10 403 184)	Finance - Admin	159 269 297	153 704 289	5 565 008
64 0	69 709	113 432 498	(49 362 789)	Technical Services - Admin	67 143 819	136 493 565	(69 349 746)
	0	1 400 330	(1 400 330)	Municipal Manager	0	2 302 476	(2 302 476)
	2 642	20 815 831	(20 812 938)	Planning and Social Development - Admin	6 053	23 305 794	(23 299 741)
279 0	56 919	347 544 541	(68 487 372)	TOTAL	278 142 976	339 294 875	(61 151 899)
			(12 788 998)	Interest in Uthukela Joint Venture			(19 866 625)
			(81 276 370)	Net surplus (Deficit) for the year			(81 018 524)
		_	18 327 094	Appropriations for this year (refer to note 16)		_	0
			939 977 895	Accumulated surplus beginning of the year			877 028 619
		- -	877 028 619	Accumulated surplus end of year		_ _	796 010 095

APPENDIX C

CONSOLIDATED SEGMENTED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FOR PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2011

2010	2010	2010	2011	2011	2011
Actual	Actual	Surplus/	Actual	Actual	Surplus/
income	expenditure	(deficit)	income	expenditure	(deficit)
R	R	R	R	R	R

APPENDIX D: STATISTICAL INFORMATION

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
General Statistics								
Levy tariffs								
Regional Establishment Levy (% of Turnover excluding VAT)	0	0	0	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
Regional Services Levy (% of Salaries, wages & drawings)	0	0	0	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
Number of Registered Levy Payers	0	0	0	1 245	1 896	1 791	1 459	1 279
Number of councillors of the Municipality	24	23	23	23	22	22	23	23
Number of employees of the Municipality	86	66	64	62	44	86	112	106
Number of water connections	-	-	-	-		722	236	*
Water Statistics								
Units purified (kL)	-	-	-	-	-	6 317 998	*	*
Units Sold (kL)	-	-	-	-	-	5 175 736	*	*
Distribution Loss (kL)	-	-	-	-	-	1 142 262	*	*
Distribution Loss (%)	-	-	-	-	-	18%	*	*
Average cost per unit sold (R)	-	-	-	-	-	3.98	*	*

^{* =} Information not available